

WEBVTT

1

00:00:04.355 --> 00:00:06.085

Okay, next up we have Major Cross

2

00:00:06.275 --> 00:00:07.405

with the Australian Army,

3

00:00:09.345 --> 00:00:12.085

and he is gonna talk to us today about, uh, risk management,

4

00:00:12.085 --> 00:00:14.205

lessons learned in experimental flight testing

5

00:00:19.125 --> 00:00:20.105

stages. Yours,

6

00:00:20.395 --> 00:00:21.395

Thank you.

7

00:00:23.175 --> 00:00:24.625

Afternoon. Thanks. The opportunity

8

00:00:24.885 --> 00:00:28.105

to address you on some lessons that we learned in, uh,

9

00:00:28.125 --> 00:00:30.105

the Roy Flk Attack helicopter program.

10

00:00:30.805 --> 00:00:33.065

Um, it's all relevant to the risk management issues

11

00:00:33.065 --> 00:00:35.385

that we've been discussing over the last couple of days.

12

00:00:38.965 --> 00:00:40.345

So to look at it, we'll

13

00:00:42.055 --> 00:00:43.425

have a look at some background history,

14

00:00:43.425 --> 00:00:45.985

where the program came from and how it developed

15

00:00:45.985 --> 00:00:49.625

and came into being the importance of training

16

00:00:50.245 --> 00:00:53.305

and proficiency and currency of crew, which is a vital part

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00:00:53.305 --> 00:00:54.385

of the risk management process.

18

00:00:56.365 --> 00:00:59.945

The Roy Vol first XDM flight envelope expansion

19

00:00:59.965 --> 00:01:01.065

was the first prototype.

20

00:01:02.365 --> 00:01:03.945

Um, system safety

21

00:01:04.005 --> 00:01:05.305

and planning that went along

22

00:01:05.615 --> 00:01:08.145

with the initial envelope expansion floods,

23

00:01:09.205 --> 00:01:11.545

and this is all took place quite a number of years ago,

24

00:01:11.545 --> 00:01:13.465

but I think the risk management issues that are

25

00:01:14.155 --> 00:01:15.305

still applicable today

26

00:01:15.305 --> 00:01:17.625

and discussed today, they were applicable then

27

00:01:17.845 --> 00:01:20.625

and they don't really change.

28

00:01:22.115 --> 00:01:24.105

We'll have looked at some of the test conditions on the day,

29

00:01:25.445 --> 00:01:27.585

the emergency that resulted in rotation.

30

00:01:28.015 --> 00:01:31.395

Both engines essentially gone. The lessons learned.

31

00:01:31.465 --> 00:01:35.075

What was, what was addressed in the risk management process,

32

00:01:35.825 --> 00:01:38.315

what worked some issues that

33

00:01:39.055 --> 00:01:40.875

in hindsight were not addressed

34

00:01:41.015 --> 00:01:43.195

and reasons why they were perhaps masked

35

00:01:43.695 --> 00:01:46.795

and only came to the being after the incident.

36

00:01:49.215 --> 00:01:53.195

So the background in myself, I'm actually South African

37

00:01:53.295 --> 00:01:54.715

and this all occurred in South Africa.

38

00:01:55.635 --> 00:02:00.115

I did my wings in 1977, flew light aircraft for a couple

39

00:02:00.115 --> 00:02:01.915

of years, did instructors course,

40

00:02:01.915 --> 00:02:04.475

qualified flying instructor in 1980,

41

00:02:05.695 --> 00:02:07.905
converted onto roading in 1985,

42

00:02:09.085 --> 00:02:13.105
and a qualified flying instructor on helicopters in 1987.

43

00:02:13.855 --> 00:02:15.545
Took the test pilot school with

44

00:02:16.065 --> 00:02:19.145
national test pilot school in 1989 in South Africa.

45

00:02:19.415 --> 00:02:21.225
They came to South Africa at that time

46

00:02:22.285 --> 00:02:24.545
and started flying the Roy Faul in 1990.

47

00:02:26.805 --> 00:02:29.585
And in parallel was a production pilot on the Orx

48

00:02:29.755 --> 00:02:32.225
helicopter, essentially a hybrid

49

00:02:32.255 --> 00:02:34.345
between a puma and a super puma.

50

00:02:35.525 --> 00:02:37.745
And then I was the office commanding the Air Force base

51

00:02:37.875 --> 00:02:41.585
Oberger, the fire development center from 2005 and 2009.

52

00:02:42.765 --> 00:02:43.865
And then I went to Australia.

53

00:02:45.325 --> 00:02:47.345
So the background to the program,

54

00:02:48.165 --> 00:02:50.025

and there was a need for an armed helicopter

55

00:02:50.455 --> 00:02:53.105

because of the anglin conflict in the

56

00:02:53.105 --> 00:02:54.425

late seventies and early eighties.

57

00:02:54.425 --> 00:02:56.185

So the development started in 1980.

58

00:02:57.005 --> 00:02:59.285

The aircraft first flew in 84.

59

00:02:59.705 --> 00:03:03.325

It was based on allo three dynamics systems,

60

00:03:04.065 --> 00:03:06.205

and essentially just a capability demonstrator

61

00:03:06.225 --> 00:03:09.125

and gathering of a team in creating the capability, uh,

62

00:03:09.125 --> 00:03:10.685

as it was the first little like big project

63

00:03:10.745 --> 00:03:11.925

of this nature in the country.

64

00:03:13.425 --> 00:03:17.885

In parallel with the Roy Fox design of the first prototype,

65

00:03:17.905 --> 00:03:21.965

we had two PMJ model helicopters that were used as test beds

66

00:03:21.965 --> 00:03:25.085

for the development of the avionics, A-A-F-C-S

67

00:03:25.085 --> 00:03:27.085

and MMI as well as weapons.

68

00:03:29.425 --> 00:03:33.325
So XDM first flew in 1990, um,

69

00:03:33.865 --> 00:03:37.325
and the initial flights were all flight envelope expansion,

70

00:03:37.555 --> 00:03:40.245
sort of like focusing on performance and handling qualities

71

00:03:40.745 --> 00:03:42.605
and getting the aircraft up and away.

72

00:03:43.795 --> 00:03:46.095
The second prototype flew in May 92,

73

00:03:46.835 --> 00:03:49.535
and it incorporated all the advanced avionics weapons

74

00:03:49.595 --> 00:03:51.695
and digital A FCS sort of stuff.

75

00:03:54.455 --> 00:03:55.535
EDM incorporated.

76

00:03:55.535 --> 00:03:57.575
The lessons learned from the first two prototypes,

77

00:03:57.595 --> 00:04:00.335
and it is the, it was the production configuration

78

00:04:00.595 --> 00:04:03.255
and 12 of the aircraft we delivered from 1999

79

00:04:03.595 --> 00:04:05.775
and the flying operation now in the demo

80

00:04:05.985 --> 00:04:07.815
Democratic Republic of Congo.

81

00:04:09.935 --> 00:04:11.835

So pilot and test pilot training

82

00:04:12.225 --> 00:04:14.395

that has come out over the past few days

83

00:04:14.415 --> 00:04:15.555

as currency and proficiency.

84

00:04:15.985 --> 00:04:17.075

It's always very important.

85

00:04:17.895 --> 00:04:20.155

And although we live in an automated era,

86

00:04:20.815 --> 00:04:23.595

the importance in training, uh, of visual

87

00:04:23.695 --> 00:04:26.115

and oral cues are still vital

88

00:04:26.215 --> 00:04:27.795

and still essential, uh,

89

00:04:27.795 --> 00:04:29.315

as will become evident with this incident.

90

00:04:30.315 --> 00:04:34.035

Communication, um, is always vital in any, in any program.

91

00:04:35.135 --> 00:04:39.395

And then the team concept, um, the person you fly with,

92

00:04:39.535 --> 00:04:41.395

the currency of the person that you fly with.

93

00:04:41.835 --> 00:04:44.955

I was fortunate to have an FTE that did the course with me,

94

00:04:45.335 --> 00:04:47.795

and we were a team for five years, so we, we got

95

00:04:47.795 --> 00:04:49.115
to know one another extremely well.

96

00:04:49.575 --> 00:04:52.995
Um, we, uh, appreciated one another's skills and abilities,

97

00:04:53.415 --> 00:04:55.995
and I think in the whole process it's pretty vital

98

00:04:56.025 --> 00:04:58.355
that you have a good synergy in the cockpit.

99

00:04:59.015 --> 00:05:01.675
And then, as I say, with the crew resource management.

100

00:05:03.455 --> 00:05:05.235
So with the initial flight development

101

00:05:06.215 --> 00:05:09.515
or envelope expansion of the, the Roy flk XDM,

102

00:05:10.055 --> 00:05:11.795
the first 90 flights all went well.

103

00:05:12.065 --> 00:05:15.195
However, early on due to some, uh, vibration

104

00:05:15.195 --> 00:05:17.635
and resident issues in the lubrication system

105

00:05:17.695 --> 00:05:21.515
by the main gearbox, an oil leak was detected in the,

106

00:05:21.535 --> 00:05:22.795
around the alternator.

107

00:05:22.795 --> 00:05:27.475
Number two, a thorough risk management process was, was, um,

108

00:05:28.395 --> 00:05:31.915

approached and, uh, from that it was decided that

109

00:05:32.655 --> 00:05:35.795

to keep the program going ahead while they addressed the,

110

00:05:36.015 --> 00:05:37.715

the issues from an engineering perspective,

111

00:05:38.105 --> 00:05:40.475

that they would put a blanking pallet on, remove

112

00:05:40.475 --> 00:05:42.715

that alternator and put an invert on

113

00:05:42.715 --> 00:05:44.355

that would give you if you needed

114

00:05:44.695 --> 00:05:46.475

to get back about a 30 minutes.

115

00:05:47.015 --> 00:05:49.355

We tested mostly within 10 to 15 minutes

116

00:05:49.415 --> 00:05:51.035

of the test flight facility at

117

00:05:51.035 --> 00:05:52.515

Johannesburg International Airport.

118

00:05:52.935 --> 00:05:54.715

And so risk managed,

119

00:05:54.715 --> 00:05:56.515

we felt we had managed the issue quite well.

120

00:05:56.735 --> 00:05:59.245

And so we conduct carried on and conducted the flying

121

00:05:59.825 --> 00:06:02.645

and it all went well to roundabout nine, flight 90.

122

00:06:03.265 --> 00:06:05.285

And at that time, it was necessary for the aircraft

123

00:06:05.425 --> 00:06:07.605

to have the infrared, the pressors fitted,

124

00:06:08.275 --> 00:06:09.405

they were dually fitted.

125

00:06:09.735 --> 00:06:11.245

There was some envelope expansion

126

00:06:11.245 --> 00:06:14.285

and to ensure that everything was working well.

127

00:06:14.425 --> 00:06:16.605

And then we came, we came to the point where we needed

128

00:06:16.605 --> 00:06:18.045

to do engine re lights.

129

00:06:20.825 --> 00:06:24.725

So as I'd said the fire hazard issue, it occurred quite a,

130

00:06:24.775 --> 00:06:27.085

quite a while before, it was about 12, 15 months

131

00:06:27.085 --> 00:06:28.845

before it had been addressed,

132

00:06:29.305 --> 00:06:32.165

and we were quite happy that that was still under control

133

00:06:32.425 --> 00:06:35.205

and we thought that was not really an issue.

134

00:06:35.625 --> 00:06:37.565

And we had our get, get home capability.

135

00:06:37.585 --> 00:06:40.445

And we, as part of the test, obviously one

136

00:06:40.445 --> 00:06:42.285

of the first things you would do emergency would be

137

00:06:42.675 --> 00:06:43.885

what about an engine failure?

138

00:06:44.345 --> 00:06:45.685

So you do it over an airfield.

139

00:06:46.145 --> 00:06:48.365

Um, so it was the inverters, we were overhead,

140

00:06:48.585 --> 00:06:52.685

an airfield over a runway commenced at a safe altitude,

141

00:06:53.425 --> 00:06:55.445

and the, we decided

142

00:06:55.465 --> 00:06:59.245

to do it in Pretoria at the Air Force base water cliff along

143

00:06:59.245 --> 00:07:02.165

12,000 foot runway, an ideal sort of scenario

144

00:07:02.165 --> 00:07:05.085

with all the emergency services available should you require

145

00:07:05.085 --> 00:07:09.765

it As part of the safety and test planning.

146

00:07:09.785 --> 00:07:11.485

We were still in the development, uh,

147

00:07:11.535 --> 00:07:12.685

stage and all those sort of things.

148

00:07:12.685 --> 00:07:14.685

So telemetry control was in burg

149

00:07:14.795 --> 00:07:17.005
that was about 40, 45 kilometers away.

150

00:07:17.005 --> 00:07:18.405
But at the altitude that we'd be flying,

151

00:07:18.405 --> 00:07:20.005
we would've telemetry monitoring us,

152

00:07:20.065 --> 00:07:21.205
we would've communication.

153

00:07:21.205 --> 00:07:22.245
So that would all be good.

154

00:07:23.345 --> 00:07:27.285
We would've active circuit at water cliff with fighters, um,

155

00:07:28.005 --> 00:07:30.965
mirage's and Buccaneers Canberra, and then C one 30

156

00:07:30.965 --> 00:07:33.325
and C one 60 transporters and some light aircraft.

157

00:07:34.065 --> 00:07:35.965
But we were happy that from the risk management,

158

00:07:35.965 --> 00:07:38.805
we had applied ourselves to the best of our ability

159

00:07:39.225 --> 00:07:42.765
and all the things that we thought we should have identified

160

00:07:42.765 --> 00:07:44.485
that could go wrong had we identified.

161

00:07:45.105 --> 00:07:46.285
So what could go wrong.

162

00:07:46.465 --> 00:07:48.445

And we were, had a warm fuzzy feeling.

163

00:07:48.865 --> 00:07:51.525

We had gone through 90 odd flights without any incidents,

164

00:07:51.685 --> 00:07:53.965

mishaps or anything really exciting to report.

165

00:07:56.585 --> 00:07:58.285

So the test conditions on the day, the,

166

00:07:58.385 --> 00:08:00.205

the elevation is 4,500.

167

00:08:00.225 --> 00:08:01.565

We were gonna be at 7,000.

168

00:08:01.565 --> 00:08:04.525

So that's lots of altitude runway's extremely long.

169

00:08:04.865 --> 00:08:06.725

And there's taxiways full length

170

00:08:06.725 --> 00:08:08.565

of the runway on the eastern and the western side.

171

00:08:09.685 --> 00:08:11.405

I mentioned about the aircraft in the circuit,

172

00:08:11.825 --> 00:08:12.925

but we didn't, we hadn't really

173

00:08:12.925 --> 00:08:14.365

contemplated that they would be an issue.

174

00:08:14.665 --> 00:08:17.085

We would do this at a, at v wide, about 80 knots.

175

00:08:17.585 --> 00:08:19.285

The weather was good, temperature was fine,

176

00:08:19.585 --> 00:08:20.605
and it was early morning.

177

00:08:21.105 --> 00:08:22.445
So we were ready for the test.

178

00:08:25.375 --> 00:08:27.395
So we wedu shut down engine number one

179

00:08:28.215 --> 00:08:30.635
and there was nothing to report.

180

00:08:31.055 --> 00:08:32.195
The other engine was running

181

00:08:32.655 --> 00:08:34.355
and we were flying, and so that was good.

182

00:08:34.455 --> 00:08:36.915
So we commenced with the engine relight.

183

00:08:38.255 --> 00:08:42.355
We then had a total electrical failure engine number two

184

00:08:42.895 --> 00:08:47.235
in this mode within default to about, uh, 82% ng,

185

00:08:49.825 --> 00:08:51.005
but there was worse to come.

186

00:08:51.005 --> 00:08:53.365
There was now no communication, no ICS,

187

00:08:53.365 --> 00:08:56.005
there's no communication between front seat and back seat.

188

00:08:56.705 --> 00:08:58.525
Uh, the flight engineer was in the front.

189

00:08:58.945 --> 00:09:01.045

He had a tacker meter,

190

00:09:01.625 --> 00:09:03.805

but unfortunately in the back cockpit there were no

191

00:09:03.805 --> 00:09:05.005

engine temps and pressures.

192

00:09:05.005 --> 00:09:08.365

Nothing was working, no flight instruments were working

193

00:09:09.025 --> 00:09:11.005

and no telemetry.

194

00:09:11.065 --> 00:09:13.005

So telemetry was lost at this stage as well.

195

00:09:13.625 --> 00:09:16.365

The only thing functioning were the Peter statics,

196

00:09:16.745 --> 00:09:19.325

so air speed, vertical speed, and ultimatium.

197

00:09:23.765 --> 00:09:26.985

So the only option at this stage is to enter rotation

198

00:09:27.685 --> 00:09:29.785

as you always train, focus on flying the aircraft

199

00:09:30.205 --> 00:09:31.905

and then try and manage

200

00:09:32.285 --> 00:09:36.065

and get an engine lighted if possible as you're coming down.

201

00:09:37.165 --> 00:09:40.185

One important factor is that, um, with the oral cues,

202

00:09:40.985 --> 00:09:42.305

NR min was 2 45.

203

00:09:43.625 --> 00:09:46.105

NR max was two 90, but I didn't have an indication.

204

00:09:46.885 --> 00:09:48.735

The fellow in front did have an indication.

205

00:09:48.895 --> 00:09:52.015

I was chatting team to Egon in the last week or two,

206

00:09:52.315 --> 00:09:55.215

and he said, um, it was quite disconcerting from his

207

00:09:55.215 --> 00:09:57.975

perspective because he could see the NRA increasing,

208

00:09:58.635 --> 00:09:59.895

but he didn't know what I was doing.

209

00:09:59.915 --> 00:10:01.055

And when something, when I did,

210

00:10:01.085 --> 00:10:04.015

when I raised the collective, he was fairly happy

211

00:10:04.015 --> 00:10:05.815

because he said, okay, well he, he, he's got some sort

212

00:10:05.815 --> 00:10:08.055

of thing to monitor and control it with.

213

00:10:08.555 --> 00:10:09.735

But when the aircraft rolled,

214

00:10:09.875 --> 00:10:11.695

he wasn't too sure whether it was a commanded

215

00:10:11.695 --> 00:10:15.495

or uncommanded role, but credit to his training

216

00:10:15.715 --> 00:10:18.855

and our crew sort of like compatibility

217

00:10:18.915 --> 00:10:19.935

and confidence in one another.

218

00:10:20.155 --> 00:10:23.175

He, he left it there and enjoyed an unpleasant ride.

219

00:10:24.875 --> 00:10:26.975

So we, um, I attempted the real light

220

00:10:27.315 --> 00:10:30.095

and in hindsight it was never gonna happen.

221

00:10:30.875 --> 00:10:33.815

But, um, we now we turned it to the right,

222

00:10:33.955 --> 00:10:36.455

to the eastern side, and now we had

223

00:10:36.455 --> 00:10:38.295

to avoid fuel dumps and bomb dumps.

224

00:10:39.035 --> 00:10:41.255

The first thing I had was an open field, so I thought, well,

225

00:10:41.255 --> 00:10:42.335

we'll head for the open field.

226

00:10:42.645 --> 00:10:44.535

That will be somewhere

227

00:10:44.535 --> 00:10:47.295

where you could conduct a fairly safe landing.

228

00:10:47.925 --> 00:10:49.375

What is really in, uh,

229

00:10:49.375 --> 00:10:53.295

pleasing from per personal perspective was the oral cues on

230

00:10:53.295 --> 00:10:57.775

the aircraft, um, are particularly noticeable.

231

00:10:57.995 --> 00:11:01.615

Um, the normal tone around about 2 60, 2 70 sort

232

00:11:01.615 --> 00:11:04.375

of like remains constant until around about two 80 raves.

233

00:11:04.635 --> 00:11:07.175

And then the tone picks up quite markedly in that point.

234

00:11:07.175 --> 00:11:09.735

Then the revs start increasing quite, quite rapidly as well.

235

00:11:10.395 --> 00:11:13.095

So all the way down, all you, all I knew I had to do was

236

00:11:14.285 --> 00:11:15.575

keep the collective on the bottom.

237

00:11:16.115 --> 00:11:18.695

If at any stage the revs got to that point, we had started,

238

00:11:18.715 --> 00:11:20.015

the tone changed markedly,

239

00:11:20.015 --> 00:11:21.495

and they started, the red started increasing.

240

00:11:22.005 --> 00:11:24.815

Take a handful, a thousand, 1000

241

00:11:24.815 --> 00:11:27.655

and 2003, put it down, the noise went away.

242

00:11:27.955 --> 00:11:29.815

The, the, the waves had sort of come back to

243

00:11:29.815 --> 00:11:32.575

where they needed to be and we managed to get

244

00:11:32.575 --> 00:11:34.535

around the field and get around the circuit,

245

00:11:34.985 --> 00:11:36.295

avoid the aircraft in the circuit

246

00:11:36.295 --> 00:11:38.655

and landed on the eastern taxiway.

247

00:11:41.775 --> 00:11:44.355

So the risk management, what went right, what went wrong,

248

00:11:44.855 --> 00:11:46.155

why did we miss some of the things?

249

00:11:46.575 --> 00:11:48.915

As was mentioned on the opening day, the number of accidents

250

00:11:48.915 --> 00:11:50.955

that have occurred, they certainly didn't occur

251

00:11:50.955 --> 00:11:53.075

because there was no risk management

252

00:11:53.705 --> 00:11:55.045

or anything along those lines.

253

00:11:56.155 --> 00:11:59.085

That fire hazard we had identified had been treated

254

00:11:59.745 --> 00:12:01.685

and it wasn't initiated to be taken care of.

255

00:12:03.335 --> 00:12:06.705

However, I think with the time period that had gone on, um,

256

00:12:07.085 --> 00:12:09.625

all going well, it attended to mask the things

257

00:12:09.625 --> 00:12:12.465
that we didn't pay enough attention to.

258

00:12:12.685 --> 00:12:14.865
The fact that we're now going to relight an engine

259

00:12:15.165 --> 00:12:18.265
and we're not having an alternator on the other engine.

260

00:12:18.685 --> 00:12:20.105
Um, what would that effect be?

261

00:12:22.365 --> 00:12:23.625
The other thing that we didn't consider,

262

00:12:23.625 --> 00:12:25.585
which would've probably highlighted this issue is, um,

263

00:12:25.585 --> 00:12:27.905
while you're on the ground, why not conduct a dry run?

264

00:12:28.685 --> 00:12:32.025
Do the start take away the, the power ground power units

265

00:12:32.815 --> 00:12:34.465
shut down engine one, you're now shut,

266

00:12:34.565 --> 00:12:36.425
now you're now on the ground in the same condition

267

00:12:36.425 --> 00:12:38.545
as you would be at a, except at 8,000 foot.

268

00:12:38.965 --> 00:12:40.385
And then try and start the engine.

269

00:12:40.485 --> 00:12:43.185
And I'm quite sure you would've got the same effect

270

00:12:43.485 --> 00:12:45.305

and then you wouldn't have had the excitement either.

271

00:12:46.725 --> 00:12:49.465

But that was one of those things, the engine failure,

272

00:12:49.565 --> 00:12:51.705

you know, you can sort of like say, did we plan for it?

273

00:12:51.705 --> 00:12:52.785

We certainly planned for it.

274

00:12:52.785 --> 00:12:54.825

We had a plan, we executed the plan and,

275

00:12:55.005 --> 00:12:56.145

and, and, and was safe.

276

00:12:56.885 --> 00:12:59.425

But the question I ask you now, and I,

277

00:12:59.425 --> 00:13:01.585

and I've asked myself over the last couple of years,

278

00:13:02.085 --> 00:13:03.745

did we really expect it in the planning?

279

00:13:03.925 --> 00:13:05.185

And the answer is no, not really,

280

00:13:05.185 --> 00:13:08.865

because you go through the process, you apply the process,

281

00:13:09.565 --> 00:13:11.585

but are you expecting to have

282

00:13:11.585 --> 00:13:14.985

to execute those emergency procedures and all the rest of it

283

00:13:14.985 --> 00:13:17.905

because you, you, you have gone through the motion,

284

00:13:18.125 --> 00:13:19.465
you have addressed the issue,

285

00:13:20.125 --> 00:13:23.105
but have you really got those things really that you think,

286

00:13:23.665 --> 00:13:25.505
I, I, I'm really gonna expect this to happen?

287

00:13:26.085 --> 00:13:29.985
So when it does happen, you um, have,

288

00:13:29.985 --> 00:13:31.265
maybe your preparation

289

00:13:31.285 --> 00:13:32.625
is probably a little bit more thorough.

290

00:13:33.565 --> 00:13:38.035
For instance, um, there probably was no need

291

00:13:38.175 --> 00:13:41.155
to have to deviate around fuel dumps and bomb dumps

292

00:13:42.275 --> 00:13:45.085
because a better approach you would've been

293

00:13:45.505 --> 00:13:46.725
to just have a straight in

294

00:13:46.925 --> 00:13:48.925
approach, start short of the runway.

295

00:13:49.105 --> 00:13:51.885
You could even conducted a practice alteration

296

00:13:51.885 --> 00:13:55.165
with both engines running, get down to the height, see

297

00:13:55.165 --> 00:13:56.365

that you can get in, you,

298

00:13:56.465 --> 00:13:58.125

you've checked the conditions on the day,

299

00:13:58.545 --> 00:14:00.165

the prevailing winds, and,

300

00:14:00.305 --> 00:14:03.965

and then you've also got clearance from air traffic control

301

00:14:04.625 --> 00:14:06.405

so that when you, once you conduct the test,

302

00:14:06.405 --> 00:14:08.125

you're at the alt your test altitude,

303

00:14:08.125 --> 00:14:10.005

they've got the circuit clear for you, the runway clear

304

00:14:10.005 --> 00:14:12.765

for you, and then you could enter, you can prepare,

305

00:14:13.255 --> 00:14:16.085

start conducting the test and if needs be,

306

00:14:16.505 --> 00:14:18.165

and then enter auto rotation

307

00:14:18.625 --> 00:14:20.165

and conduct a straighten landing.

308

00:14:22.545 --> 00:14:25.245

But on the day it all worked, worked out well.

309

00:14:26.045 --> 00:14:28.685

I think what was was pretty crucial in the success

310

00:14:28.865 --> 00:14:33.245

and the successful outcome was the crew resource management.

311

00:14:33.545 --> 00:14:35.485

It worked out well. We had been

312

00:14:35.865 --> 00:14:37.245

flying together for a long time.

313

00:14:37.455 --> 00:14:39.725

There was an appreciation of one another's skills

314

00:14:39.825 --> 00:14:41.805

and what one another brought to the party.

315

00:14:42.345 --> 00:14:45.805

And, um, he, we, he is happy to be the passenger

316

00:14:46.345 --> 00:14:47.525

and not interfere,

317

00:14:48.125 --> 00:14:49.885

although he wasn't too sure that I was in control

318

00:14:49.885 --> 00:14:51.245

of anything in, in any case.

319

00:14:53.335 --> 00:14:55.755

So team synergy is vital for efficient

320

00:14:55.755 --> 00:14:58.195

and coordinated testing at the best of times,

321

00:14:58.335 --> 00:15:01.275

but particularly also, so in, in the event of an emergency,

322

00:15:02.225 --> 00:15:04.715

know your team, have confidence in your team

323

00:15:05.095 --> 00:15:06.235

and respect their skillset.

324

00:15:09.055 --> 00:15:11.035

Be focused. And it was mentioned

325

00:15:11.035 --> 00:15:12.915

by I think Darren in the first presentation,

326

00:15:13.485 --> 00:15:16.195

avoid complacency when things are going well for too long,

327

00:15:16.645 --> 00:15:17.875

think about that volcano

328

00:15:17.975 --> 00:15:20.075

or that earthquake you closer

329

00:15:20.175 --> 00:15:22.315

to when something can potentially go wrong.

330

00:15:23.255 --> 00:15:27.395

Always expect the worst and then plan accordingly.

331

00:15:29.465 --> 00:15:32.255

Thank you. Are there any questions?

332

00:15:51.605 --> 00:15:54.655

When you found that it was time to remove the alternator

333

00:15:54.655 --> 00:15:57.575

and replace it with the inverter, what kind of limitation

334

00:15:57.755 --> 00:16:00.295

or attachment did that have for anyone

335

00:16:00.295 --> 00:16:02.055

who further would use the aircraft other than you?

336

00:16:02.685 --> 00:16:05.335

Just say that again, sorry. At some point you removed

337

00:16:05.335 --> 00:16:06.975

the alternator and replaced it with the inverter.

338
00:16:06.995 --> 00:16:09.935
Yep. Uh, was there some sort of limitation that flew

339
00:16:09.935 --> 00:16:12.055
with the aircraft or with the test team,

340
00:16:12.515 --> 00:16:14.215
uh, for downstream effects? At that time

341
00:16:14.585 --> 00:16:15.975
There were no further limitations.

342
00:16:16.035 --> 00:16:17.455
As I said, we had, um,

343
00:16:17.455 --> 00:16:20.775
because we operated pretty close to the, the airfield

344
00:16:20.955 --> 00:16:24.295
or the airport where we operated from, we had a bit, um,

345
00:16:24.425 --> 00:16:26.655
capability where we were operating.

346
00:16:26.655 --> 00:16:27.695
There were numerous fields

347
00:16:27.795 --> 00:16:30.215
and air fields that you could land on if you, if you,

348
00:16:30.215 --> 00:16:32.095
if you needed to land immediately in your

349
00:16:32.255 --> 00:16:33.975
vicinity as a test team.

350
00:16:34.475 --> 00:16:36.055
Um, we had two crews

351
00:16:36.595 --> 00:16:38.095

and each, the crew sort

352

00:16:38.095 --> 00:16:39.775
of like alternated from flight to flight.

353

00:16:39.795 --> 00:16:41.695
So everybody was on the same page with

354

00:16:41.695 --> 00:16:43.575
where you were in the development, uh,

355

00:16:43.575 --> 00:16:44.895
where you were with the program.

356

00:16:45.595 --> 00:16:49.415
Um, it gave the team that was arguably to say off

357

00:16:49.415 --> 00:16:52.295
for the day in, in the control room time to get the admin

358

00:16:52.295 --> 00:16:53.975
and things up to, up to date.

359

00:16:54.515 --> 00:16:58.255
But you always as the, as the team pretty much a phase to

360

00:16:58.255 --> 00:16:59.295
where the program was and

361

00:16:59.295 --> 00:17:00.535
what the status of the program was.

362

00:17:01.245 --> 00:17:03.135
It's a, it's a thought that I had, uh,

363

00:17:03.135 --> 00:17:04.975
currently working on a slightly larger program

364

00:17:05.565 --> 00:17:08.415
that we always have a fear that with such a large program

365

00:17:08.565 --> 00:17:10.735

that someone might not realize the implication

366

00:17:10.735 --> 00:17:11.895

of some change we've made.

367

00:17:12.275 --> 00:17:14.775

So the documentation effort tends to go a little further,

368

00:17:15.475 --> 00:17:17.655

but explore all the downstream effects of what you've done,

369

00:17:17.755 --> 00:17:19.135

not just agree that, uh,

370

00:17:19.485 --> 00:17:21.935

that we all understand what's happening, but,

371

00:17:22.075 --> 00:17:24.095

but sometimes that's something you feel like you

372

00:17:24.095 --> 00:17:25.175

don't need on a smaller program.

373

00:17:25.275 --> 00:17:27.695

But in this case, seems like that would've been one place

374

00:17:27.715 --> 00:17:30.495

to catch downstream effects of having done this replacement

375

00:17:30.875 --> 00:17:32.295

or this work around for flight test.

376

00:17:32.525 --> 00:17:33.525

Sure.

377

00:17:40.825 --> 00:17:44.055

Thank you Trevor. Thank you, uh, not only for the brief

378

00:17:44.055 --> 00:17:45.175

but for this back on top.

379

00:17:46.385 --> 00:17:49.325

Thank You.

380

00:17:50.975 --> 00:17:51.645

Thank you very much.

381

00:17:55.555 --> 00:17:58.205

Alright. Uh, Trevor got us back on time there, so

382

00:17:58.895 --> 00:18:00.765

we'll take a break now until 1500.

383

00:18:00.865 --> 00:18:02.645

If everybody get back in your seats 1500,

384

00:18:02.645 --> 00:18:05.285

we'll kick it off again and try and get done on time.

385

00:18:05.425 --> 00:18:05.845

Thanks.